

OPERATING MANUAL PSX1008-TX and MS1008-TX Switch



Managed Switch with Eight 10/100Base-TX Ports

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1.0 Specifications

OPERATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS:

MAC Address Table:	8k
Switching Mode:	Store-and-forward
Memory Buffer Size:	2Mb
Performance:	Non-blocking wire speed (up to 3.8Gbps)

MANAGEMENT FEATURES:

Web-based, Telnet and console SNMP Port setting for duplex and speed Port trunking (4 groups) Port based and tagged VLANs (up to 256) QoS IGMP GVRP Port mirroring Broadcast storm Spanning Tree

NETWORK STANDARDS:

IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.3u IEEE 802.3x IEEE 802.1q IEEE 802.1p IEEE 802.1d IEEE 802.3ad

EMI/SAFETY COMPLIANCE:

FCC Class A, CE, UL cUL

NETWORK CABLE CONNECTORS

RJ45 shielded female ports 10/100Mbps: CAT5 UTP or better

POWER SUPPLY:

Input Voltage 110 to 240 VAC, 50 to 60Hz

Waters Network Systems

User's Manual PSX/MS1008-TX

Power Consumption

17 watts maximum

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT:

Ambient Temperature: 32° to 113°F (0° to 45°C) Storage: -40° to 158°F (-40°to 70°C) Ambient relative humidity: 10% to 90% (non-condensing)

MECHANICAL:

Enclosure: Rugged high-strength sheet metal suitable for stand-alone, wall or tabletop mounting Cooling Method: Fan cooled

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

PSX Model: Dimensions: 10 x 5.25 x 1.75 in (250 x 132 x 37.5mm) Weight: 2.4lbs *MS Model*:

Dimensions: 16 x 11 x 1.75 in (406x 279 x 37.5mm) Weight: 3.7lbs (1.68kg)

2.0 Package Contents

Examine the shipping container for obvious damage prior to installing this product. Notify the carrier of any damage that you believe occurred during shipment. Ensure that the items listed below are included. If an item is missing, please contact your supplier.

The 1008 switch package contains the following:

- 1008 Switch
- Power Cord
- Four Rubber Feet
- RS-232 cable
- User's Guide

3.0 Introduction

In our modern society, communication and sharing information is essential to our lives. Computer networks have proven to be one of the fastest methods of communication.

The 1008 series of switches are compact desktop size switches that are the ideal solution for any network user. The 1008 switches provide high-performance managed switching functions with low-cost connectivity. The 1008 switches feature store-and-forward switching and will auto-learn and store source addresses with an 8K-entry MAC address table.

The switch provides eight switched auto-sensing 10/100Base-TX RJ45 ports. The switch will automatically detect the speed of connected devices to accommodate both 10 and 100Mbps. The 10Mbps bandwidth will accommodate 10Mbps workgroup switches while simultaneously providing the 100Mbps bandwidth required for multimedia applications. All RJ45 ports support the **Auto MDI/MDIX** function.

With the built-in Web-based management functionality, managing and configuring the switch is easy. From cabinet management to port-level control and monitoring, you can visually configure and manage your network via your Web Browser. Just click your mouse instead of typing command strings. The 1008 switch can be managed via the web, Telnet, Console, or SNMP Management.

Ethernet switching technology dramatically boosted the total bandwidth of a network, eliminating congestion problems inherent with the carrier sense multiple access with the collision detection (CSMA/CD) protocol and greatly reduced unnecessary transmissions.

This revolutionized networking. First, by allowing two-way, simultaneous transmissions over the same port (full-duplex), bandwidth was essentially doubled. Second, by reducing the collision domain to a single switch-port, the need for carrier sensing was eliminated. Third, by using the store-and-forward technology's approach of inspecting each packet to intercept corrupt or redundant data, switching eliminated unnecessary transmissions that slow down network traffic.

Auto-negotiation regulates the speed and duplex of each port, based on the capability of both devices. Flow-control allows transmission from a 100Mbps node to a 10Mbps node without loss of data. Auto-negotiation and flow-control may have to be disabled for some networking operations that involve legacy equipment. Disabling the auto-negotiation is accomplished by hard setting the speed or duplex mode of a port.

3.1 Hardware Features

- Conforms to IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, and 802.3x Ethernet Standards
- Auto-sensing 10/100Base-TX RJ45 port ports
- Automatic MDI/MDIX crossover for each 10/100Base-TX port
- Console port on rear side for system configuration
- Half-duplex mode for backpressure
- Full-duplex for flow control
- Store-and-forward switching architecture
- Automatic address learning, address migration
- 8K-entry MAC address table
- 2Mbit memory buffer sharing
- Performs non-blocking full wire speed

3.2 Software Features

SNMP	RFC 1157 SNMP, RFC 1213 MIB II, RFC 1643 Ethernet Like,
	RFC 1493 Bridge MIB, RFC 1757 RMON1, LANTECH
	Enterprise MIB, RFC 1215 Trap
Management	Web management (IE)
	Local console (RS-232 on rear side)
	Telnet
Trunk	IEEE 802.3ad Trunk with LACP for load distribution control
	and fail over recover
	Up to 4 ports per group, maximum 4 groups
Class of Service	IEEE802.1p, Each port supports 2 priority queues (high/low)
QoS	System support 8 levels of priority and mapping to high/low
	priority queue
VLAN	Port-based VLAN, 802.1Q Tag VLAN, Protocol type VLAN
	VLAN ID up to 4094, VLANs up to 256 groups. GVRP
	support.
IP Multicast	Support IGMP snooping, supports 256 groups.
	Support 2 types of query mode (enable/disable or auto query)
Filter Database	Support per port static MAC address lock, MAC filter, port
	security
Port Mirror	Use this feature to analyze port traffic. Supports maximum 8
	ports.
Broadcast	None, 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25%
Control	
Spanning Tree	IEEE802.1d support

3.3 Management Methods

The 1008 switch series supports following management methods:

- Console and Telnet Management
- Web-based Management
- SNMP Network Management

3.3.1 Console and Telnet Management

Console Management is done through the RS-232 Console Port. Use the RS-232 cable supplied in your package to connect directly to a workstation from your 1008 switch. Once an IP address has been set on the 1008 switch, you can use Telnet or Web Management to login to the switch and modify the configuration.

3.3.2 Web-based Management

The 1008 provides an embedded HTML web site residing in flash memory. It offers advanced management features and allow users to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser.

3.3.3 SNMP Network Management

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) provides a means to monitor and control network devices, manage configurations, collect statistics, performance and security information.

3.4 Hardware Description

Front Panel

The Front Panel of the 1008 switch consists of 8 auto-sensing 10/100Mbps RJ45 ports and either one Gigabit fiber port or one Gigabit copper port. The LED indicators are also located on the front panel of the switch.



Figure 3-2. The Front Panel of the PSX-TX Switch

Rear Panel

The console port and a three-pronged AC power plug are located on the rear panel of the switch. The 1008 switches work in the range 100-240V AC, 50-60Hz. The console port can be used to perform management functions. Console connection requires a direct connection between the switch and a workstation with a RS-232 cable.



Hardware Ports

 Eight 10/100 auto MDI/MDIX 10/100Base-TX connections. MDI allows you to connect to another hub or switch and MDIX allows you to connect to a workstation or PC. Therefore, **Auto MDI/MDIX** means that you can connect to another switch or workstation without a crossover cable.

3.5 LED Indicators

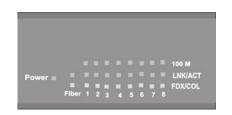


Figure 3-7. LED Indicators for 1008-TX switch

There are three LED-Indicators (100M, LK/ACT, FDX/COL) for each of the eight 10/100Base-TX copper ports. The following table provides the status and description of the LEDs. The LEDs provide a real-time indication of systematic operation status.

	Ethernet Port						
LED	Status	Color	Description				
Power	On	Green	Power On				
100M	On	Green The port is operating at the speed of 100Mbps					
	Off		In 10Mbps mode or no device is attached				
LNK/	On	Green	The port is successfully connecting with the device				
АСТ	Blinks	Green	The port is receiving or transmitting data				
	Off		No device is attached				
FDX/	On	Orange	The port is operating in full-duplex mode				
COL	Blinks	Orange	Collision of packets occurs in the port				
	Off		Half-duplex mode or no device is attached.				



3.6 Desktop Installation

Choose a surface for your switch that is clean, smooth, level, sturdy and with a power outlet nearby. Make sure there is enough clearance around the switch to allow

attachment of cables, power cord and air circulation.

3.6.1 Attaching Rubber Feet

- 1. Make sure mounting surface on the bottom of the switch is free of grease and dust.
- 2. Remove adhesive backing from the rubber feet.
- 3. Apply the rubber feet to each corner on the bottom of the switch.



Figure 3-8. Attaching rubber feet to each corner on the bottom of the switch

3.6.2 Power On

Connect the power cord to the AC power socket on the rear panel of the switch. Check the power indicator on the front panel to see if power is properly supplied.

4.0 Network Applications

This section provides samples of network topology in which the 1008 switch can be used. The 1008 series of switches are generally used as a desktop, workgroup or edge segment switch.

Desktop Application

The 1008 series of switches provide the ideal solution for small workgroups. The switch can be used as a standalone switch to which personal computers, servers, and print servers are directly connected to form a small workgroup.

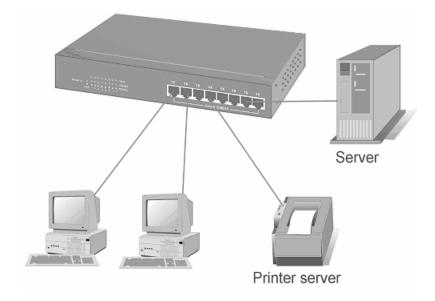


Figure 4-1. Desktop Application

Segment Application

For enterprise networks where large data packets are constantly processed, this switch is suitable for department users to connect to the corporate backbone.

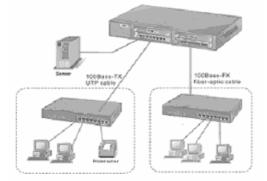


Figure 4-2 Segment Application

The 1008 switch can be directly connected to PCs, workstations, and servers. The switch automatically learns node addresses, which are subsequently used to filter and forward all traffic based on the destination address. You can use any of the copper ports to connect with another switch to interconnect each of your small-switched workgroups to form a larger switched network.

4.1 Network Configuration

This section explains how to configure console management via a direct connection to the console port of the switch. Console management involves the administration of the switch via a direct connection to the RS-232 console port. This port is a female DB-9 connector. From the **Main Console Management Menu**, you have access to all of the management functions of the switch.

Connecting a Terminal or PC to the Console Port

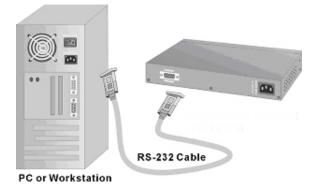


Figure 4-4. Connecting the 1008 switch to a terminal via RS-232 cable

Use the supplied RS-232 cable to connect a terminal or PC to the console port. The terminal or PC to be connected must support the terminal emulation program. After the connection between switch and PC is made, run a **terminal emulation program** or **Hyper Terminal** to match the following default characteristics of the console port:

Baud Rate:	0600 bpc	COM2 Properties	<u>?×</u>
Dauu Kale.	9600 bps	,	
Data Bits:	8	Bits per second: 9600	
Daultur	Nama	Data bits: 8	
Parity:	None	Parity: None	
Stop Bit:	1	Stop bits: 1	
Flow Control:	None	Elow control: None	
	None	Advanced Bestore Default	s
		OK Cancel	oply:

Figure 4-5. Communication Parameters

Console Menu

- 1. Press Enter once you have entered the parameters listed above.
- 2. Turn on the switch. The switch will display a series of messages as it performs a self test. Once the self test is completed, the login screen will be displayed.
- 3. Enter the username and password. The default user name is **root**, and the default password is **root**. You may change the login identification to make it more secure for your network (Section 4.11).

4.2 Main Menu

 Main Menu

 Status and Counters

 Switch Static Configuration

 Protocol Related Configuration

 Reboot Switch

 Logout
 1

 Show the status of the switch.

 Tab=Next Item
 BackSpace=Previous Item

The following five choices are listed on the **Main Menu**:

- Status and Counters Displays the status of the switch.
- Switch Static Configuration Use to configure the switch from another set of menus.
- **Protocol Related Configuration** Configure the following protocol functions.
 - o STP
 - o SNMP
 - o GVRP
 - o LACP
- **Reboot Switch** Restart the system or reset switch to default configuration.
- Logout Exit the management functions.

Control Keys

The following keys are used to move between menu options in all menus:

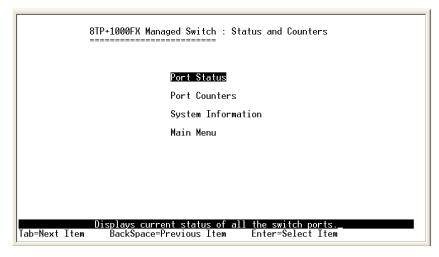
Tab:Use the tab key to move to the next menu option.

Backspace: Use the backspace key to move to the previous option.

- **Enter:** Use enter to make selection
- **Space:** Toggles selected item to move between configuration choices.

The bottom of the screen displays the keys that are used to for the management functions.

4.3 Status and Counters



Press the Tab or Backspace key to make your selection, and press Enter.

4.4 Status and Counters - Port Status

The **Port Status**' screen displays the status of all of the ports.

Port	Туре	Enabled	Status	Mode	FlowCtrl
1.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Full	0n
2.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Full	On
2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	10/100TX	NO	Down	100 Full	On
4.	10/100TX	Yes	Up	100 Full	On
5.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Full	On
6.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Full	On
7.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Full	on
8.	10/100TX	No	Down	100 Fu]]	on
9.	100FX	No	Down	100 Full	On

- **Type** Displays the port speed for each port.
- Enabled You have the choice of enabling or disabling the port. Enabled will be displayed as Yes and Disabled will be displayed as No. The Default setting is Yes.
- Status Display the status of the port. Down means there is no link, and Up means there is a link.
- Mode Displays the actual port speed and duplex setting.
- Flow Ctrl Displays the flow control status. Flow control is **ON** by default.

You can press the **Tab** or **Backspace** key to select a menu choice. Press the **Enter** key to select item.

4.5 Status and Counters - Port Counters

The **Port Counters'** screen provides the current status of the switch

Port	TxGoodPkt	TxBadPkt	RxGoodPkt	RxBadPkt	TXAbort	Collision	DropPk
1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	Š.
5.	40963	No.	145953	0	0	N N	92354
7.	40903	Ň	143933	× ×	× ×	Ň	92334
6.	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň	ň
ž.	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
8.	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
9.	Ō	Ō	0	0	Ō	Ó	Ó
	IS->	Quit>	<reset all<="" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></reset>				

4.6 Status and Counters - System Information

The **System Information** screen displays the following information:

- System Description The name of device type.
- MAC Address The unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer.
- Firmware Version Displays the switch's firmware version.
- Hardware Version Displays the switch's hardware version.
- Kernel Version Displays the switch's kernel version.

8TP+100FX(SC) Managed Switch : Management Address Information					
System Description	: &TP+100FX(SC) Intelligent Switch				
MAC Address	: 00001c0101B1				
Firmware version	: v01.06				
Hardware version	: A03.00				
Default config value version	: v01.05				

Switch Static Configuration 4.7

The Switch Static Configuration (on the Main Menu) menu provides the following options:

8TP+1 =====	00FX(SC) Managed Switch : Switch Configuration
	Administration Configuration
	Port/Trunk Configuration
	Port Mirroring Configuration
	VLAN Configuration
	Priority Configuration
	MAC Address Configuration
	Misc Configuration
	Main Menu
Tab=Next Item	Configure the system,IP,and password. BackSpace=Previous Item Enter=Select Item

4.8 **Administration Configuration**

The Administration Configuration (from the Switch Configuration menu) menu

provides the following options:

8TP+100FX(SC) Managed Switch : Device Configuration =========================

Device Information IP Configuration Change Username Change Password Previous Menu

Configure the device information. BackSpace=Previous Item Enter=Select Item

Tab=Next Item

4.9 Device Information

The **Device Information** menu provides the following information:

8TF ===	P+100F>	((SC) Managed S	Switch	: Devic	e Infor	matio	n	
C	Device	Name :						
	Device	Content :						
	Device	Location :						
0	Device	Description :	8TP+1	.00FX(SC)	Intell	ligent	Switch	
ions->	,	(Edit>	<5	ave>		<0ui	•>	
				ction me	mu.	1201	17 1	
Next Item	Backs	Space=Previous				menu	Enter=Select	Item

4.10 IP Configuration

The IP Configuration menu allows you to assign an appropriate IP address.

- 1. Select **Edit** to configure all items.
- 2. When you have completed the configuration, press the **Esc** key to return to the menu line.
- 3. Select **Save** to save the new settings.

8TF ===	P+100FX(SC) Managed	Switch	: IP Configura	ation		
		. 10	2.168.1.238			
	Subnet Mas	k : 25	5.255.255.0			
	Gateway	: 19	2.168.16.254			
actions->	<edit></edit>	~5	ave>	<qui1< td=""><td>-</td><td></td></qui1<>	-	
	Select	the a	ction menu.			
Tab=Next Item	BackSpace=Previous	Item	Quit=Previous	menu	Enter=Select	Item

Note: Always restart the switch once you have modified the configuration.

4.11 Change User Name and Password

You can change the User Name and Password from the Device Configuration menu.

The old password is required in order to make the change to the new password.

4.12 Port / Trunk Configuration

You can use this menu to change the port status and configure trunk groups. Use the **TAB** key to change configure of these settings:

- **Enabled** You can disable or enable the port control.
- Auto Negotiate You can enable or disable auto negotiation per port.
- Speed/Duplex Config Ports 1-8 can be set to 100Mbps or 10Mbps speed. Port 9 can only be set to 1000Mbps and set full-duplex or half-duplex mode.
- Flow Control You can set flow control function to be enabled or disabled. Flow control is enabled by default.
- Group You can set trunk group for port 1~port 8. You can set up to four trunk groups.

Port	туре	Enabled	Auto Negotiate	Speed/Duplex Config	Flow Control	Group
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX 10/100TX	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled	100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full 100 Full	On On On On On On On On	

4.13 **Port Mirroring Configuration**

Port mirroring is a method used for monitoring traffic in switched networks. Traffic can be monitored through ports by one specific port. The traffic that goes in or out monitored ports will be duplicated into the monitoring port. Port mirroring is **disabled** by default. **Port Mirroring** can be accessed from the **Switch Static Configuration Menu**.

- Port Mirroring State Use the space bar to toggle from Disable to Enable for port-mirroring function.
- **Mirroring Port** The mirror port can be used to see all monitored port traffic.
- Source Port The source port is the port you want to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to sniffed port. You can select a maximum of nine ports to monitor in the switch. User can choose to monitor RX frames only or TX frames only or both RX and TX frames from the port.

4.14 VLAN Configuration

8TP+100FX(SC) Managed Switch : VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configure

Create a VLAN Group Edit/Delete a VLAN Group Previous Menu

Configure the VLAN PVID and Ingress Rule. Tab=Next Item BackSpace=Previous Item Quit=Previous menu Enter=Select Item

The VLAN Configuration Menu can be accessed from the Switch Static Configuration Menu. VLANs are disabled by default. Once you have enabled VLANs, you may choose between the following:

- 802.1q
- 802.1q with GVRP
- Port-based

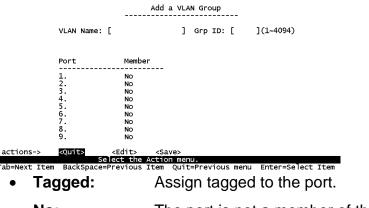
PVID (Port VID): Set the port VLAN ID that will be assigned to untagged traffic on a given port. This feature is useful for accommodating devices that you want to participate in the VLAN but that don't support tagging. Only one untagged VLAN is allowed per port. **Ingress Filter 1:** Forward only packets with VIDs matching this port's configured VID. Use the **Space** bar to choose to forward or drop the frame that the VID does not match this port's configured VID.

Ingress Filter 2: Drop untagged frame. Use the **Space** bar to choose drop or forward the untagged frame. Once you have set VLANs to **enabled**, you are ready to create a VLAN group.

4.15 Creating a VLAN Group

- 1. Select Create a VLAN Group from the VLAN Configuration Menu.
- 2. Provide the following information for the VLAN:
 - VLAN Name: Type a name for the new VLAN.
 - VLAN ID: Type a VID (between 2~4094). The default is 1.
 - **Protocol VLAN:** Press the **Space** bar to choose the type of protocol.

- Mode:
 - **Un-Tagged:** Assign untagged to the port.



• No: The port is not a member of this VLAN group.

4.16 Edit / Delete a VLAN Group

To edit or delete a VLAN group, use the following instructions.

- 1. Select Edit/Delete a VLAN Group from the VLAN Configuration Menu.
- 2. Choose the VLAN group that you want to edit or delete and then press Enter.
- 3. You can modify the configuration for the VLAN.
- 4. Remember to choose **Save** once you have completed your modifications or VLAN deletions so all configuration values are saved.

Note: You cannot modify the default VLAN Name and VLAN ID, and you cannot delete the default VLAN.

4.17 **Priority Configuration**

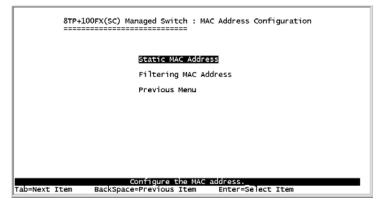
- Levels 0~7 can be set to high or low queue service
- High/Low Queue Service Ratio H: L: User can select the ratio of high priority packets and low priority packets.
 - First In First Out: The sequence of packets sent depends on the order of arrival.
 - High to Low: The high priority packets are sent before low priority packets.
 - Ratio H: L: Select the preference given to packets in the switch's high-priority queue.

These options represent the number of high priority packets sent before one low priority packet is sent. For example, **2 High: 1 Low** means that the switch sends two high

8TP-	+100FX(SC) Managed	Switch : Priori =====	ty Configura	ation
	Level 0 : Level 1 : Level 2 : Level 3 : Level 4 : Level 5 : Level 6 : Level 7 :	Low Low Low High High High		
	High/Low Queue	Service Ratio	H:L :[2:1]	
actions->	<edit></edit>	<save></save>	<qui1< th=""><th>ь</th></qui1<>	ь
Tab=Next Item	BackSpace=Previous	the action men Item Quit=Pre		Enter=Select Item

priority packets before sending one low priority packet.

Note: Remember to save settings.



4.18 MAC Address Configuration

When you add a static MAC address, it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the device is active again on the network. User can add / modify / delete a static MAC address.

Add static MAC address

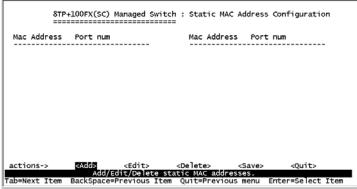
- 1. Select **Add** to add a static MAC address.
- 2. Enter the MAC address of the desired port. This port will be set to permanently forward traffic, regardless of the device's network activity.
- 3. Enter the **port number** under **Port num**.
- 4. If tag-based VLANs are set up on the switch, static addresses are associated with

individual VLANs. Type the **VID** to associate with the MAC address.

- 5. Press **ESC** to return to the action menu line.
- 6. Select **Save** to save all configure values.

Edit Static MAC address

- 1. Select **Edit** to modify a static MAC address.
- 2. Choose the MAC address that you want to modify and then press Enter.

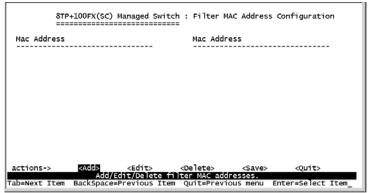


- 3. Select Edit to modify all the items.
- 4. Press **ESC** to return to the action menu line.
- 5. Select **Save** to save all configure values.

Delete static MAC address

- 1. Select **Delete** to delete a static MAC address.
- 2. Select the MAC address that you want to delete and then press Enter.
- 3. After deleting a static MAC address, select **Save** to complete the deleting operation.

4.19 Filtering MAC Addresses

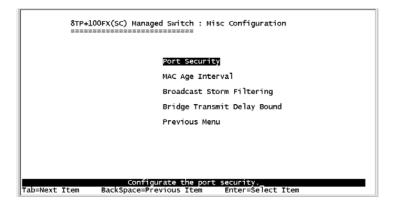


Edit Filtering MAC Addresses

- 1. Select **Edit** to modify a static filtering address.
- 2. Choose the MAC address that you want to modify and then press Enter.
- 3. Press Edit to modify all the items.
- 4. Press **ESC** to return to the action menu line.
- 5. Select **Save** to save all configure values.

Delete Filtering MAC Addresses

- 1. Press **Delete** to delete a Filtering MAC address.
- 2. Choose the MAC address that you want to delete and then press Enter.
- 3. After deleting the filtering MAC address, select **Save** to complete the deleting operation.
- 4.20 Misc. Configuration



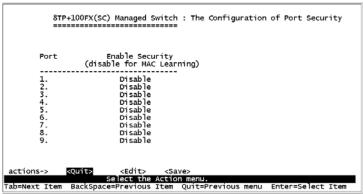
The following settings can be made through the **Misc Configuration Menu**:

Port Security

- MAC Age Interval
- Broadcast Storm Filtering
- Bridge Transmit Delay Bound

4.21 Port Security

A port in security mode will be "locked" which means no new addresses can be learned. Only the incoming packets with SMAC already existing in the address table can be forwarded normally. User can disable the port from learning any new MAC addresses, and then use the static MAC addresses screen to define a list of MAC addresses that

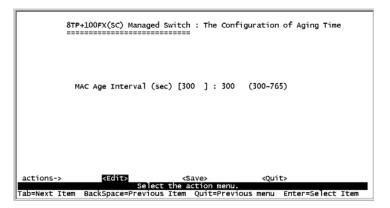


can communicate with the secure port.

- 1. Select **Edit** to enable or disable the port security.
- 2. Press the **Space** bar to choose enable / disable item.
- 3. Press **ESC** to return to the action menu line.
- 4. Select **Save** to save the configure values.

4.22 MAC Age Interval

Use this option to enter the number of seconds that an inactive MAC address remains in the switch's address table. The valid range is 300~765 seconds. Default is 300 seconds.



4.23 Broadcast Storm Filtering

This option is used to configure the broadcast storm control. The valid threshold value is 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25% and NO.



4.24 Max Bridge Transmit Delay

Bridge transit delay bound must be enabled before you can configure this function.

- Max bridge transmit delay bound Limit the packets' queuing time in the switch. If enabled, packets that exceed the queue will be dropped. Valid values are 1 sec, 2 sec, 4 sec and Off. The default is 1 second.
- Enable Delay Bound Limit the low priority packets queuing time in switch. If enabled, the low priority packet will be sent once it exceeds the Max Delay Time.
- Max Delay Time Used to set the time that low priority packets are queued in switch.

The valid range is 1~255 ms.

4.25 Protocol Related Configuration

The **Protocol Related Configuration** is accessed from the **Main Menu**. The following functions can be set in the **Protocol Related Configuration** menu:

- STP Disabled by default. Once STP has been enabled, you will be able to set the system configuration and perport configuration.
- SNMP
- **GVRP** Disabled by default.
- LACP

4.26 Perport Configuration

- **PortState** Use this option to view the spanning tree status per port.
- PathCost Use PathCost to specify the path cost of the port that the switch is using to determine the forwarding ports. If you change the value, the switch must be rebooted for the new value to take effect.
- Priority Use this option to set port priority; you can make it more or less likely to become the root port. If you change the value, the switch must be rebooted to use the new value.

Forwarding	10	128	
		128	
Disabled		128	
Disabled	10	128	
	10		
Disubicu	20	110	
	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled	Disabled 10 Disabled 10 Disabled 10 Disabled 10 Disabled 10 Disabled 10 Forwarding 10 Disabled 10	Disabled 10 128 Disabled 10 128

4.27 SNMP

The **SNMP Menu** is used to define management stations as trap managers and to enter SNMP community strings. Use this menu to define a name, location, and contact person for the switch.

4.28 System Options

The following settings can be made from the **System Options Menu**.

- System Name Enter a name to be used for the switch.
- System Contact Enter the name of contact person or organization.
- **System Location** Enter the location of the switch.

4.29 Community Strings

Use the **Community Strings Menu** to enter the following information:

- **Community Name** Enter the name of current strings.
- Write Access Determine the rights. Choose between:
 - Read only Read only enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.
 - Read/Write Read/write enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.

4.30 Trap Managers

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps or system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps are received. To create a trap manager, enter the IP address of the station and a community string.

4.31 GVRP

The **GVRP Menu** allows you to enable and disable the GVRP (VLAN Registration Protocol). GVRP is **disabled** by default.

4.32 LACP

The **LACP Configuration Menu** provides the following options:

- Aggregator Setting
- State Activity
- LACP Status

4.33 Aggregator Setting

- **Group:** Display the trunk group ID.
- LACP: Use the Space bar to enable or disable LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) support. If it is enabled, the group is LACP static trunking group. If it is disabled, the group is local static trunking group.
- LACP Work Port Num: This setting is the maximum number of ports that can be

aggregated at the same time. If LACP is set to static trunking group, the additional ports are on standby and able to aggregate if a work port fails. If it is set to local static trunking group, the number must be the same as group ports.

NOTE: Before setting LACP support, you have to set the trunk group.

4.34 State Activity

- Active: The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.
- Passive: The port does not automatically send LACP protocol packets, and responds only when it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.

4.35 LACP Status

This screen provides the status of the LACP configuration.

4.36 Reboot Switch

Rebooting the switch provides two choices.

- **Default:** Reset switch to recover default configuration.
- **Restart:** Reboot the switch with new configuration settings.

4.37 Xmodem Upgrade

To perform the Xmodem upgrade, press the **X** key to start upgrading for Xmodem.

Disconnect the terminal and modify baud rate to 57600bps. Then, reconnect. Once attached, follow these instructions:

- 1. Select **send file** under the **transfer** menu on the menu bar.
- 2. Select the **browse** button to select the path.
- 3. Select **1K Xmodem** from **protocol**.
- 4. Select **Send**.
- 5. After successfully upgrading the new firmware, please modify baud rate to 9600bps.

5.0 Web-Based Management

This section introduces the configuration and functions of the Web-based management of 1008 switch. The 1008 switch provides an embedded HTML website residing in flash memory. Management functions can be performed from anywhere on the network through a standard Web Browser. **NOTE:** If you are using Win2000 with the Service Pack 2 function, the web management function will be not be displayed correctly if the IE is below Version 5.5.

5.1 Accessing Management Functions through the Web

In order to use the management functions via your Web Browser, the following defaults must be set. Use the **Console** connection to modify the IP for use with your web browser.

- **IP Address:** 192.168.16.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.16.254
- User Name: root
- Password: root

Once these settings have been made, access your Web Browser and type in:

http://192.168.16.1. Enter the user name and password.

5.2 Web Management Home Overview

The opening screen will provide a picture of the switch at the top of the screen and menu options to the left of your screen.

5.3 Port Status

The **Port Status** menu provides the following information:

- State: Displays the port status (ON or OFF depending on the user's setting).
 Unlink will be treated as off.
- Link Status: Down is No Link. UP is Link.
- Auto Negotiation: Displays the auto negotiation mode. Is it set to auto negotiate or is it hard set to a speed.
- Speed Status: Current status of port
- **Duplex Status:** Display full-duplex or half-duplex mode.
- Flow Control: Displays the Flow Control current setting.
- **Config:** Displays the state of user setting.
- Atual: Displays the negotiation result.

5.4 Port Statistics

The following information provides a view of the current status of the unit.

		+ 1000 ligent S	Power		4 5 6 7 8 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			3× 4×	5× 6×	7× 8×	
MENU								AUTO	MDI-X		
Home											
Port Status		_									
Port Statistics		P	ort S	IAUS	lics		_				
Administrator			т	ne follo	wing informatio	on provides a	viev of the cu	rrent status c	f the unit.		
TFTP Update Firmware	_								und		
Configuration Backup		Port	State	Link	TxGoodPkt	TxBadPkt	RxGoodPkt	RxBadPkt	TxAbort	Collision	
Configuration Backup	-	Port 1		Link Down		TxBadPkt 0	RxGoodPkt 0	RxBadPkt 0	TxAbort 0	Collision O	
Reset System	-		Off								
Reset System	-	1	Off Off	Down	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reset System Reboot	-	1 2	Off Off Off	Down Down	0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reset System Reboot	-	1 2 3	Off Off Off Off Off	Down Down Down	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	
Reset System Reboot		1 2 3 4	Off Off Off Off Off	Down Down Down Down	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	
Reset System Reboot	-	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Off Off Off Off Off Off On	Down Down Down Down Down Down	0 0 0 0 1 9226	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 347 12673	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	
Reset System Reboot	-	1 2 3 4 5 6	Off Off Off Off Off Off On Off	Down Down Down Down Down Down	0 0 0 0 1 9226 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 347	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	

Displayed below is a single port counter:

Port	2
State	On
Link	Up
TxGoodPkt	958
TxBadPkt	0
RxGoodPkt	740
RxBadPkt	0
TxAbort	0
Collision	0
DropPkt	8

5.5 Administrator

The Administrator functions:

- IP address You can modify the IP address from this option. You must reset the switch and use the new IP address to connect via your browser.
- Basic Switch settings The following switch settings are displayed through this option:
 - **Description** Displays the name of the device.
 - MAC Address Displays the unique hardware address assigned by the manufacturer. This cannot be changed.

- **Firmware Version** Displays the switches firmware version.
- Hardware Version Displays the switches firmware version.
- **Kernel Version** Displays the default EEPROM value.
- Advanced Switch Settings The following switch settings are displayed through this option:
 - Miscellaneous Settings
 - MAC Address Age-Out Time Enter the number of seconds that an inactive MAC address remains in the switch's address table. The valid range is 300 ~ 765 seconds. The default is 300 seconds.
 - Max Bridge Transit Delay Bound Control Limit the packets queuing time in the switch. If enabled, the packets exceeding the queue will be dropped. Valid values are 1, 2 or 4 seconds and Off. The default is 1 second.
 - Broadcast Storm Filter This option is used to configure the broadcast storm control. It must be enabled and then the upper threshold must be set for the individual ports. The threshold is the percentage of the port's total bandwidth used by broadcast traffic. When the broadcast traffic for a port rises above the threshold that has been set, broadcast storm control becomes active. The valid threshold value is 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25% and Off.

• Priority Queue Service Settings

- First Come First Service The sequence of packets sent depends on the arrival order.
- All High before Low The high priority packets are sent before the low priority packets.
- Weighted Round Ratio Select the preference given to packets in the switch's high-priority queue. These options represent the number of high priority packets sent before one low priority packet is sent. For example, 2 High: 1 Low means that the switch sends 2 high priority packets before sending 1 low priority packet.

- Enable Delay Bound This setting limits the low priority packets queuing time in switch. The Default Max Delay Time is 255ms. If the low priority packet that stays in switch exceeds the Max Delay Time, it will be sent. The valid range is 1~255 ms.
- QoS Policy: High Priority Levels There are 0~7 priority levels that can be mapped to high or low queue. When sending packets, different priority Levels in VLAN Tag can be selected.

NOTE: Make sure Max bridge transit delay bound control is enabled before enabling **Delay Bound**.

• **Protocol Enable Setting**

- Enable Spanning Tree Protocol The default is Disabled. The recommendation is to enable STP.
- Enable Internet Group Multicast Protocol This option allows you to enable IGMP protocol
- VLAN Operation Mode You can make the selection between 802.1Q (Port Based) without GVRP VLAN mode, 802.1Q (Port Based) with GVRP VLAN mode or Port Based.
- IGMP Query Mode Recognize different Query from client or server to decide which Queryer will be the first priority. There are three modes to choose from:
 - Auto Mode: Choose the indicated Switch, which has the smallest IP address to be the Queryer.
 - **Enable Mode**: Enable one of Switches to be the Queryer.
 - **Disable Mode**: Disable the other Switches from being the Queryer.
- Console port information The console connection is a standard interface used to communicate with the switch via the serial port on the workstation. Section 4.1 describes the console connection.
- **Port controls** The following settings can be changed:
 - **State** You can disable or enable this port control.
 - Auto Negotiation Auto negotiation can be enabled or disabled per port

- Speed Setting You can set 100Mbps or 10Mbps speed (Port 1 ~ Port 8).
- **Duplex setting** Set full-duplex or half-duplex mode.
- **Flow control setting** Flow control function is set to enable or disable.
- Link aggregation Trunking provides a standardized means for exchanging information between partner systems on a link. This allows their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and ensure that its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation allows you to group up to eight consecutive ports into a single dedicated connection. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. LACP operation requires full-duplex mode. For detailed information, refer to the IEEE 802.3ad standard.
- Filter database
- VLAN configuration
- Spanning Tree
- Port Mirror
- SNMP
- Security Manager
- TFTP Update Firmware
- Configuration Backup
- Reset System and Reboot.

5.6 LACP Setting

The **system priority value** is used to identify the active LACP. The switch with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the active LACP.

MENU	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		нлтонса.»
Home Port Status	Trunking		
Port Statistics	the second s		
Administratur			
IP Address Switch Settings	Aggregator Setting Aggre	gator information	State Activity
Console Port Info	3 3	System Priority	
Port Controls	1		
Trunking			
VLAN Configuration Spanning Tree	Group ID	Group1	Get
Pot Minning	LACP	Disable 🔛	
Security Manager	Work Ports	2	
Core 🕈 TETP Update Firmware	port3	<# Add **	port1 port2
Configuration Backup	port6	Remove>>	port7
Reset System		Removers	porti

- 1. **Group ID** A link aggregation can be created across two or more ports. Select the **Group ID** and then click on **Get**.
- LACP If enabled, the group is the LACP static trunking group. If it is disabled, the group is the local static trunking group.
- All ports support LACP dynamic trunking group. If connecting to a device that also supports LACP, the LACP dynamic trunking group will be created automatically.
- 4. Work ports The maximum number of ports can be aggregated at the same time. If LACP static trunking group, the ports exceeding the maximum are on standby and able to aggregate if a work port fails. If it set to local static trunking group, the number must be the same as group ports.
- 5. Select the ports to join the trunking group
- If LACP enabled, you can configure LACP to either Active/Passive status in each ports.
- 7. Select **Apply** to apply the settings.

5.7 Aggregator Information

The **Aggregator Information** screen displays the LACP information.

MENU	817 + 1000FX Xdelbyerd Sivilian Poyer	7 t xom • LOMET • FRAM	4x 5x 0x 7x 0x	
Honse	Townships			
Port Status	Trunking			
Port Statistics				
Administrator	Aggregator Setting	Aggregator information	State Activity	
Derich Setting Console Pari Ide Pari Cantele Transing Transing Transing Transing VLAA Configuration Stanting Oral Source Security Manager Cose	The folic	wing information provides a view of LACI Static Tranking Group Group Key 1 Part, No 3 6 Static Tranking Group Group Key 2 Part, No 4 5	⁹ current status.	
Configuration Bacloup				
Reset System				
Reboot				

5.8 State Activity

The **State Activity** screen provides the following information:

- Active (select) The port automatically sends LACP protocol packets.
- Passive (no select) The port does not automatically send the LACP protocol packets, and responds only if it receives LACP protocol packets from the opposite device.

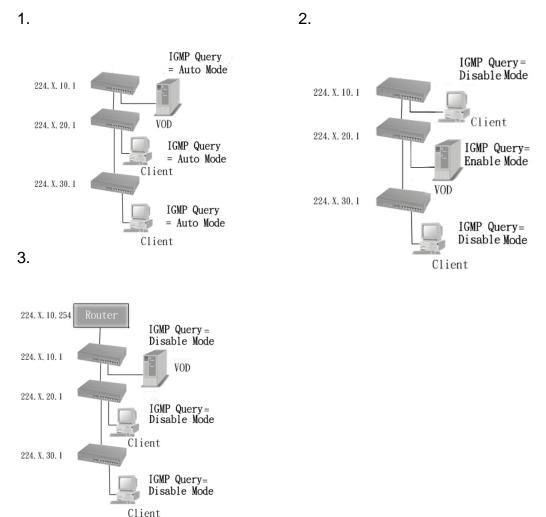
A link with either two active LACP ports or one active port can perform dynamic LACP trunking. A link with two passive LACP ports will not perform dynamic LACP trunking because both ports are waiting for the LACP protocol packet from the opposite device. When you select a trunking port, active status will be created automatically for an **active LACP**.

Forest and a second	+ + LIGHT	Ļ		7x fix
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Trunking				
				-
Aggregator Setting	Aggregator info	matio	1 State Acti	vity
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1	LActive	2	N/A	
2	Artive	6	N/A	
1.172				
3	N/A	7	Active	
	41/4	0	ET Antina	
4	гарм	0	LIACOVE	
	Apply De	fault	Help	
		-		
	Pressent Soutch 1233456 Poper	President Source 1 2 3 4 5 7 7 0000000000000000000000000000000	Margani Swetch 1 <th1< th=""> 1 1 1 1</th1<>	President State of the second seco

5.9 Filter Database

5.9.1 IGMP Snooping

The following topologies shown below indicate how the IGMP Query works within a network:



The 1008 switch supports IP multicast. By enabling IGMP (Internet Group Management Protocol) protocol, you will be able to display IGMP snooping information from this screen. You will be able to see the different multicast groups, VID and member ports. IP multicast addresses range from 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

IGMP is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows

User's Manual PSX/MS1008-TX the ports to detect IGMP queries and report packets and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch.

Message	Description
Query	A message sent from the query (IGMP router or switch)
	asking for a response from each host belonging to the
	multicast group.
Report	A message sent by a host to the query to indicate that the
	host wants to be or is a member of a given group
	indicated in the report message.
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the query to indicate that the
	host is no longer a member of a specific multicast group.

IGMP uses the following three fundamental types of messages:

5.9.2 Static MAC Address

When you add a static MAC address, it remains in the switch's address table, regardless of whether the device is physically connected to the switch. This saves the switch from having to re-learn a device's MAC address when the disconnected or powered-off device is active on the network again.

To add a static MAC address:

- 1. From the Main Menu, select Administrator.
- 2. Select Filter Database.
- 3. Click **Static MAC Addresses**. In the MAC address box, enter the MAC address to and from which the port should permanently forward traffic, regardless of the device's network activity.
- 4. In the **Port Number** box, select a port number.
- If tag-based (IEEE 802.1Q) VLANs are set up on the switch, static addresses are associated with individual VLANs. Type the VID (tag-based VLANs) to associate with the MAC address.
- 6. Click the **Add** button.

5.9.3 Port Security

A port in security mode will be "locked" without permission of address learning. Only the

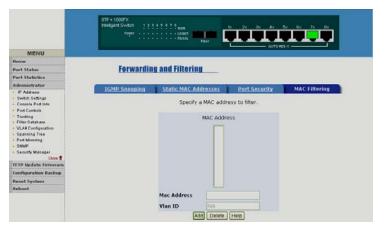
incoming packets with static MAC already existing in the address table can be forwarded normally. You can disable the port from learning any new MAC addresses, and then use the static MAC addresses screen to define a list of MAC addresses that can use the secure port. Once you have entered the settings, click the **Apply** button to apply the changes for port security.

	0TP + 1000FX Intelligent Switch Payer		Ę	2N 5N 4N 5N	
MENU					
Home	Familian	tion and Filtrasian			
Port Status	Forward	ting and Filtering			
Port Statistics					
Administrator	IGMP Snooping	Static MAC Address		Port Security	MAC Filtering
P IP Address	THEORY SHIDDONNO	Statut Material	100	Port security 1	nac Pittering
Switch Settings Console Port Indo				Landon and the second second second	
Port Controls	Port	Enable Security	Port	Enable Security	12253
Trunking		(disable for MAC Learning)		(disable for MAC Learning	ng)
Filter Database	1.		6		
VLAN Configuration	2		7		
• Spanning Tree			-		
Port Minoring SNMP	3		8		
Sourity Manager	4		9		
Cince 1	5				
FTP Update Firmware		Apply C	efault	Help	- N
onfiguration Backup		[stopin] C	anangin	1.44	
leset System teboot					

5.9.4 MAC Address Filtering

MAC address filtering allows the switch to drop unwanted traffic. Traffic is filtered based on the destination addresses.

- 1. In the **MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address that you want to filter.
- 2. **VLAN ID** If tag-based (802.1Q) VLAN are set up on the switch, in the VLAN ID field type the **VID** to associate with the MAC address.
- 3. Click the **Add** button.
- 4. Use the **Delete** button to delete unwanted MAC address.



5.10 VLAN Configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain. It

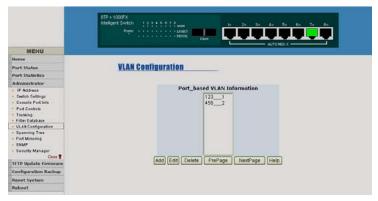
allows you to isolate network traffic so only members of the VLAN receive traffic from the same VLAN members. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The 1008 switch supports both port-based and protocol-based VLANs from the web. By default, VLAN support is enabled and all ports on the switch belong to the default VLAN. The **default VID is 1**.

NOTE: The default VLAN can't be deleted or modified.

Port-based VLANs (IEEE 802.1Q VLAN)

The port-based tagging rule is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard. Therefore, it is possible to create a VLAN across devices from different switch vendors. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a **tag** into the Ethernet frames. The **tag** contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.



Protocol-based VLAN

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLANs, it has to be either capable of tagging packets with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware device that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN IDs.

5.10.1 Basic VLAN Setting

VLAN			
Basic		<u>Port VID</u>	
	th\without G' Information default1 PrePage	VRP VLAN	1

To create a VLAN and add tagged member ports:

- 1. From the Main Menu, select Administrator.
- 2. Select VLAN Configuration.
- 3. Click the Add button.
- 4. Type a name for the new VLAN.
- 5. Type a VID (between 2-4094). (The default is 1.)
- 6. From the **Available Ports** field, select the ports to include in the VLAN.
- 7. Select Add.
- 8. Click **Apply**.

To configure port VID settings:

- 1. From the Main Menu, select Tag-based (IEEE 802.1Q) VLAN page.
- 2. Select Port VID Settings.

Port VID (PVID) - Sets the Port VLAN ID that will be assigned to untagged traffic on a given port. For example, if port 9's Default PVID is 100, all untagged packets on port 9 will belong to VLAN 100. The default setting for all ports is VID 1. This feature is useful for accommodating devices that you want to participate in the VLAN but that don't support tagging. Only one untagged VLAN is allowed per port.

Basic Port VID							
Assign a Port VLAN ID (1~4094) for untagged traffic on each port, then click Submit to apply the changes on this page.							
No.	PVID	Ingress Filtering 1	Ingress Filtering 2	No.	PVID	Ingress Filtering 1	Ingress Filtering 2
1	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽	6	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽
2	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽	7	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽
з	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽	8	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽
4	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽	9	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽
5	1	Enable 🔽	Disable 🔽				
(ngr	ess Filteri	ng Rule 1				nfiaured VID	

Ingress Filtering

Ingress filtering allows frames belonging to a specific VLAN to be forwarded if the port belongs to that VLAN. The 1008 switch has two ingress filtering rules:

- Ingress Filtering Rule 1: Forward only packets with VID matching this port's configured VID Ingress Filtering.
- Rule 2: Drop Untagged Frame.

5.11 Spanning Tree

The Spanning-Tree Protocol (STP) is a standardized method (IEEE 802.1D) for avoiding loops in switched networks. When STP is enabled, only one path at a time is active between any two nodes on the network. STP is **disabled** by default. You can enable the Spanning-Tree Protocol from the management functions through the Web.

- 1. Select **Spanning Tree** from the **Advanced Menu**.
- 2. Select **enable Spanning-Tree protocol**. It is recommended that you enable STP on all switches to ensure a single active path on the network.

	UTP - 100FX Mellignet Switch 123 + 5 + 7 + 8 KM Pager LONCT LONCT	5 2× 3× 4× 5× 6×	
MENU			
Home			
Port Status	Set Spanning Tree		
Port Statistics			
Administrator	Configure Spanning T	ree Parameters	
IP Address	Priority (1-65535)	32768	
Switch Settings Console Port Info	Max Age (6-40)	20	
Console Fort Info Port Centrols			
Trunking	Hello Time (1-10)	2	
Fitter Database	Forward Delay_Time(4-30	15	
VLAN Configuration Spanning Tree	and the second se		
Spanning Tree Port Minoring	Apply		
- SNMP			
- Security Manager	Root Bridge In		
Close T	Priority	32768	
TFTP Update Firmware	Mac Address	004063800030	
Configuration Backup	Root_Path_Cost	0	
Reset System	Root Port	we are root	
Reboot	Max Age Hello Time	20	
	Forward Delay	15	

	STP Port Status						
PortNum	PathCost	Priority	PortState				
1	10	128	DISABLED				
2	10	128	DISABLED				
3	10	128	DISABLED				
4	10	128	FORWARDING				
5	10	128	DISABLED				
6	10	128	DISABLED				
7	10	128	DISABLED				
8	10	128	DISABLED				
9	10	128	DISABLED				

3. Review spanning tree information about the Root Bridge from the following screen.

Priority (1-65535)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	15
Hello Time (1-10)	3
Forward_Delay_Time (4-30)	5

The following table describes the Spanning Tree parameters.

Parameter	Description				
Priority	You can change the priority value which is a value used to				
	identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has				
	the highest priority and is selected as the root. Enter a				
	number 1 through 65535.				
Max Age	You can change Max Age value, which is the number of				
	seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-Tree				
	Protocol configuration messages before attempting a				
	reconfiguration. Enter a number 6 through 40.				
Hello Time	You can change Hello time value which is the number of				
	seconds between the transmissions of Spanning-Tree				
	Protocol configuration messages. Enter a number 1				
	through 10.				

Forward Delay	You can change forward delay time, which is the number of
time	seconds a port waits before changing from its Spanning-Tree
	Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state.
	Enter a number 4 through 30.

The following parameters can be configured on each port. Click the **Apply** button to modify.

comgare opaining free for analistere			
Port Number	Path Cost (1 - 65535; Default 10)	Priority (0 - 255; Default 128)	
1 2 3 4 5 V	10	128	
	Apply Help		

Configure Spanning Tree Port Parameters

The following table describes the path cost and port priority.

Parameter	Description	
Port Priority	You can make a port more or less likely to become the root	
	port. The range is 0-255, and the default setting is 128 .	
Path Cost	Specifies the path cost of the port that switch uses to	
	determine which ports are the forwarding ports. The lowest	
	number of forwarding ports is 1, and the range is 1-65535.	
	The default value is base don IEEE802.1D.	
	10Mbps = 50-600 100Mbps = 10-60	
	If you change the value, you must reboot the switch.	

5.12 Port Mirroring

Port Mirroring is a method used to monitor traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That is, traffic goes in or out monitored ports will be duplicated into mirror port.

The following explains the port mirroring settings.

- Roving Analysis State Enable or disable the port mirror function.
- Mirror Ports Lists the ports you want to mirror. All mirror port traffic will be copied to mirror port. You can select a maximum of 9 monitor ports in the switch. If you want to disable the function, you must set monitor port to none.
- Monitor Rx Monitored receives frames from the port.
- Monitor Tx Monitored sends frames from the port.

5.13 SNMP

SNMP is a protocol that governs the transfer of information between management and agent. The 1008 switch supports SNMP V1.



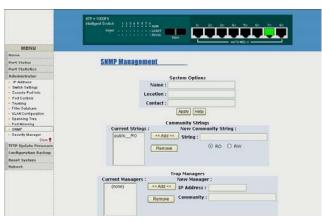
Any network running Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) can manage the switch, provided the Management Information Base (MIB) is installed correctly on the management station.

You can define management stations as trap managers and then enter SNMP community strings. You can also define a name, location, and contact person for the switch. Once you have entered the **system options data**, click **Apply** to update the settings.

System Option

- 1. **Name** Enter a name to be used for the switch.
- 2. Location Enter the location of the switch.

- 3. **Contact** Enter the name of a person or organization.
- 4. Click the **Apply** button.



Community strings: serve as passwords and can be entered as one of the following.

- Read only: Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.
- Read write: Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.

Trap Manager

- A trap manager is a management station that receives traps and alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps are issued. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string.
 - **IP Address:** Fill in the trap device IP.
 - **Community Strings:** The trap device community strings.
 - o Click "Add" button.

	Community Strings
Current Strings	: New Community String : <pre>< Add << String : Remove</pre>
	Trap Managers
Current Managers :	New Manager :
(none)	<< Add << IP Address :
	Community :

5.14 Security Manager

The **Security Manager** allows you to modify your user name and password. The **default login** is:

- Default User Name: root
- Default Password: root

5.15 TFTP Update Firmware

The following menu options provide system control functions to update firmware and remote boot the switch.

- 1. Copy **firmware update** to TFTP software directory.
- 2. Select **TFTP Update Firmware** from the **Menu**.
- 3. Select Update Firmware.

5.16 Configuration Backup

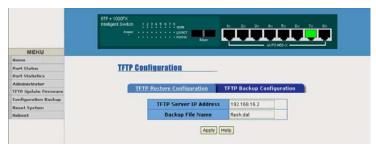
The **Configuration Backup** menu provides an option to restore the EEPROM value. Before restoring, you must return the image in the TFTP service. The switch will download the back flash image.

Use this screen to set the TFTP server's IP address. You can save the current EEPROM value, and then proceed to the TFTP restore configuration screen to restore the EEPROM value. Select **Apply** to complete the upload.

	870 + 1000% Heldgard Switch 1: 2: 2: 5: 5: 7: 5: 000 Parent
MENU	
Home	
Port Status	TFTP Configuration
Port Statistics	
Administrator	
TFTD Update Firmware	TETP Restore Configuration TETP Backup Configuration
Configuration Backup	
Reset System	TFTP Server IP Address 192.168.16.2
Reboot	Restore File Name flash.dat
	(Apply) (Help)

5.17 TFTP Backup Configuration

Use this page to set TFTP server IP address. You can save current EEPROM value from here, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.



5.18 Reset System

To return the switch to the default configuration, use the **Reset System** menu.



5.19 Reboot

The switch must be rebooted so the defaults are restored.

	01P+10007X1 111111111111111111111111111111111111		
MENU			
Home			
Port Status	Reboot Switch System		
Port Statistics			
Administrator	reboot Help		
TFTP Update Firmware			
Configuration Backup			
Reset System			
Reboot			

6.0 Troubleshooting

All Waters' switching products are designed to provide reliability and consistently high performance in all network environments. The installation of Waters' PSX/MS1008-TX switch is a straightforward procedure (See Section 3.6). Should problems develop during installation or operation, this section is intended to help locate, identify and correct these types of problems. Please follow the suggestions listed below prior to contacting your supplier. However, if you are unsure of the procedures described in this section or if the Waters' ProSwitch 1008 switch is not performing as expected, do not attempt to repair the unit; instead contact your supplier for assistance or contact Waters Network Systems' Customer Support Center at **800.328.2275** or email <u>carolynl@watersnet.com</u>.

6.1 Before Calling for Assistance

- If difficulty is encountered when installing or operating the unit, refer back to the Installation Section of this manual. Also check to make sure that the various components of the network are operational and compatible.
- Check the cables and connectors to ensure that they have been properly connected and the cables/wires have not been crimped or in some way impaired during installation. (About 90% of network downtime can be attributed to wiring and connector problems.)
- 3. Make sure that an AC power cord is properly attached to the 1008.
- Be certain that each AC power cord is plugged into a functioning electrical outlet.
 Use the PWR LEDs to verify each unit is receiving power.
- 5. If the problem is isolated to a network device other than the Waters' 1008 switch, it is recommended that the problem device be replaced with a known good device. Verify whether or not the problem is corrected. If not, go to next step. If the problem is corrected, the Waters' 1008 switch and its associated cables are functioning properly.
- 6. If the problem continues, contact Waters Network Systems Customer Service at 800.328.2275 or email <u>carolynl@watersnet.com</u> for assistance.

When Calling for Assistance

Please be prepared to provide the following information.

- 1. A complete description of the problem, including the following:
 - a. The nature and duration of the problem
 - b. Situations when the problem occurs
 - c. The components involved in the problem
 - d. Any particular application that, when used, appears to create the problem
- 2. An accurate list of Waters Network Systems product model(s) involved. Include the date(s) that you purchased the products from your supplier.
- It is useful to include other network equipment models and related hardware, including personal computers, workstations, terminals and printers; plus, the various network media types being used.
- A record of changes that have been made to your network configuration prior to the occurrence of the problem. Any changes to system administration procedures should all be noted in this record.

6.2 Return Material Authorization (RMA) Procedure

All returns for repair must be accompanied by a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number. To obtain an RMA number, call Waters Network Systems Customer Service at 800.328.2275 during business hours of 8:00 am to 5:00 pm (CT) or email <u>carolynl@watersnet.com</u>. When calling, please have the following information readily available:

- Name and phone number of your contact person
- Name of your company/institution
- Your shipping address
- Product name
- Failure symptoms, including a full description of the problem
- Waters Network Systems will carefully test and evaluate all returned products, will repair products that are under warranty at no charge, and will return the warranty-repaired units to the sender with shipping charges prepaid (see Warranty Information at the end of this manual for complete details). However, if Waters cannot duplicate the problem or condition causing the return, the unit will be returned

as: No Problem Found.

Waters Network Systems reserves the right to charge for the testing of non-defective

units under warranty. Testing and repair of product that is not under warranty will result in a customer (user) charge.

6.3 Shipping and Packaging Information

Should you need to ship the unit back to Waters Network Systems, please follow these instructions: Package the unit carefully. It is recommended that you use the original container if available. Units should be wrapped in a "bubble-wrap" plastic sheet or bag for shipping protection. (You may retain all connectors and this Installation Guide.) CAUTION: Do not pack the unit in Styrofoam "popcorn" type packing material. This material may cause electro-static shock damage to the unit.

Clearly mark the Return Material Authorization (RMA) number on the outside of the shipping container. Waters Network Systems is not responsible for your return shipping charges.

Ship the package to:

Waters Network Systems Attention: Customer Service 945 37th Avenue, NW Rochester, MN 55901

7.0 Warranty

Waters Limited Product Warranty LIMITED WARRANTY

Waters Network Systems'

Warranty Statement

Waters Network Systems' products are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship. The warranty period for each product will be provided upon request at the time of purchase. Unless otherwise stated, the warranty period is for the useable life of the product.

In the event of a malfunction or other indication of product failure attributable directly to faulty materials and/or workmanship, Waters Network Systems will, at its option, repair or replace the defective products or components at no additional charge as set for herein. This limited warranty does not include service to repair damage resulting from accident, disaster, misuse, neglect, lightning, acts of God, tampering or product modification.

If a product does not operate as warranted during the applicable warranty period, Waters shall, at its option and expense, repair the defective product or part, deliver to Customer an equivalent product or part to replace the defective item. All products that are replaced will become the property of Waters. Replacement products may be new or reconditioned. Any replaced or repaired product or part has a ninety (90) day warranty or the remainder of the initial warranty period, whichever is longer.

Waters shall not be responsible for any custom software or firmware, configuration information, or memory data of Customer contained in, stored on, or integrated with any products returned to Waters pursuant to any warranty.

Service under the warranty may be obtained by contacting Waters Network Systems and receiving a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number from Waters Network Systems. Returned product accompanied with the issued RMA number and prepaid shipping will be repaired or replaced by Waters Network Systems. Repaired or replaced products will be returned at no cost to the original Buyer and shipped via the carrier and method of delivery chosen by Waters Network Systems.

A product's lifetime ends when service and repair for the product can no longer be obtained from the original manufacturer or its direct successor or assignee.

User's Manual PSX/MS1008-TX Specific warranty by product family is as follows:

ProSwitch-FixPort:	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-FlexPort:	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-GS Series	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-Lite:	3 Years from date of manufacture (see note)
ProSwitch-POE Series	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-Secure:	Limited Lifetime (see note)
ProSwitch-SecureAir+:	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-Xpress:	Limited Lifetime
ProSwitch-Xtreme:	Limited Lifetime (see note)
ProSwitch-CS and CSX	3 Years from date of manufacture (see note)
ProMedia Converters	3 Years from date of manufacture (see note)

Note: Warranty period for any and all external power supplies is one (1) year from date of purchase.

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